NB-AEAS8-C2HZD-M68U8-NCDAJ  Pine Hill Public Schools Curriculum								
Content Area:		Science						
Course Titl	le/ Grade Level:	6 <sup>th</sup> grade science	6 <sup>th</sup> grade science					
Unit 1:	Matter		Duration:	1 month				
Unit 2:	Cell Organization	and Development	Duration:	2 months				
Unit 3:	Heredity and Repr	oduction	Duration:	1 month				
Unit 4:	<b>Evolution and Dive</b>	ersity	Duration:	2 months				
Unit 5:	Matter and Energy Interdependence w		Duration:	2 months				
Unit 6:	Energy in Earth Sy Weather, Biochem	ystems, Climate and ical Cycles	Duration:	2 months				
Unit 7:			Duration:					
Unit 8:			Duration:					
Unit 9:			Duration:					
Unit 10:			Duration:					
Unit 11:			Duration:					
Unit 12:			Duration:					
Unit 13:			Duration:					
Unit 14:			Duration:					
Unit 15:		Duration:						
Unit 16:		Duration:						
Date Creat	ed or Revised:							
BOE Appr	oval Date:							

Pine Hill Public Schools Science Curriculum					
Unit Title: Matte	er		Unit #: 1		
Course or Grade	e Level: 6 <sup>th</sup>	Length of Time:			
Date Created:		<b>BOE Approval Date:</b>			
Pacing	•				
Essential Questions	How do the properties of materials	determine their use?			
Content	<ul> <li>Density calculations</li> <li>States of matter (Solid, Liquid, Gas)</li> <li>Behavior of matter (molecule movem</li> </ul>	ent, volume, and shape)			
Math Skills/ Science Processes	<ul> <li>List the differences among atoms, elements, molecules and compounds</li> <li>Demonstrate the relationship between volume and mass in terms of density of an object</li> <li>Calculate density of objects using mass and volume</li> <li>Determine the volume of water using water displacement</li> <li>Explain that all matter is made up of atoms</li> <li>Define matter</li> <li>Compare/contrast the behavior of matter in terms of molecule movement, shape, and volume</li> <li>Explain how molecule movement, shape, and volume change during the processes of heating and cooling</li> <li>Explain relationship between elements, molecules, compounds and matter</li> </ul>				
Assessments	FORMATIVE: label diagrams of molecule movement in different states, worksheets on density calculation  SUMMATIVE: poster presentation of relationship between elements, molecules, compounds and				
Interventions / differentiated instruction					
Inter- disciplinary Connections	<ul><li>Math</li><li>Language Arts</li></ul>				
Lesson resources / Activities	<ul> <li>Smart board files</li> <li>Internet resources</li> </ul>	<b>J</b> acan			

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**Standard 5.2 Physical Science**: Physical science principles, including fundamental ideas about matter, energy, and motion, are powerful conceptual tools for making sense of phenomena in physical, living, and Earth systems science.

**Strand(s): Strand A. Properties of Matter:** All objects and substances in the natural world are composed of matter. Matter has two fundamental properties: matter takes up space, and matter has inertia.

Content Statement(s):			/ CPI(s):		
Determine the volume of common objects using			1		
water displacement methods.					
Calculate the density of object	ts or substances after	5.2.6.A	2		
determining volume and mass	S				
Explain that all matter is made	e of atoms, and give	5.2.8.A	1		
examples of common element					
Use the kinetic molecular mod	der to predict now	5.2.8.A	3		
solids, liquids, and gases would					
physical circumstances, such a	as heating or cooling.				
	21st Centur	y Ther	nes		
Global Awareness	Financial, Economic,		Civic Literacy		Health Literacy
Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy					
21st Cent			<u>lls</u>		
	Critical Thinking and Problem		Communication and		Information Literacy
Innovation	Solving		Collaboration		
Media Literacy	ICT Literacy		Life and	Caree	r Skills

Pine Hill Public Schools Science Curriculum						
Unit Title: Cell	Organization and Development	Unit #: 2				
Course or Grad	e Level: 6	Length of Time:				
<b>Date Created:</b>		BOE Approval Date:				
Pacing						
Essential Questions	How do specialized cells form stru	mal cells carried out by organelles? ingle-celled and multi-celled organisms? actures of cells, tissue, organs, and organ systems body interrelated to regulate the body's internal	S			
Content	<ul> <li>Functions and parts of cells.</li> <li>Single-celled, multi-celled organisms</li> <li>Cell nucleus.</li> <li>Cell structures – tissue, organs, organ systems</li> <li>Cell theory, cell research</li> <li>Homeostasis</li> </ul>					
Skills	<ul> <li>Identify names and functions of each part of a cell.</li> <li>Compare tissues, organs, and organ systems.</li> <li>Compare characteristics of single-celled and multi-celled organisms.</li> <li>Proper use of microscope.</li> <li>Summarize discoveries that led to the development of the cell theory.</li> </ul>					
Math Skills/ Science Processes						
Assessments	Formative: Lab notes, cell booklets of Summative: Labs notebooks, Constru					
Interventions / differentiated instruction	•					
Inter- disciplinary Connections	<ul> <li>Math – spatial differences, units of measurement</li> <li>History – sequence of microscope, development of cell theory</li> <li>Lang Arts – reading, writing, vocab</li> </ul>					
Lesson resources / Activities	• teacher made flash cards for steps	es	ces			

## **Standard: 5.3.A Life Science**

**Strand(s):** A. Organization and Development: Living organisms are composed of cellular units (structures) that carry out functions required for life. Cellular units are composed of molecules, which also carry out biological functions.

Content Statement(s):	CPI #/ CPI(s):
5.3.6.A.1 Systems of the human body are interrelated and regulate the body's internal environment 5.3.6.A.2 Essential function of plan and animal cells are carried out by the organelles 5.3.8.A.1 All organisms are composed of cell(s). In multicellular organisms, specialized cells perform specialized functions. Tissues, organs, and organ systems are composed of cells and function to serve the needs of cells for food, air, and waste removal.	5.3.6.A.1: Model the interdependence of the human body's major systems in regulating its internal environment 5.3.6.A.2: Model and explain ways in which organelles work together to meet the cell's needs. 5.3.8.A.1: Relate the structures of cells, tissues, organs, and systems to their functions in supporting life.
Standard: 5.3.A Life Science Organization and Develop	nent

## **Strand(s):**

<b>Content Statement(s)</b>		CPI #/ CPI(s): 5.3.6.A.1; 5.3.6.A.2			
		5.3.8.A.1; 5.3.8.A.2			
	21st Century	<u>Themes</u>			
Global Awareness	Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy	Civic Literacy	Health Literacy		
	21st Centur	ry Skills			
Creativity and Innovation	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	Communication ar Collaboration	nd Information Liter		
Media Literacy	ICT Literacy	Life	Life and Career Skills		

Pine Hill Public Schools Science Curriculum						
Unit Title: He	redity and Reproduction		Unit #: 3			
Course or Grad	de Level: 6	Length of Time:	1			
<b>Date Created:</b>	Date Created: BOE Approval Date:					
Pacing	ing					
Essential	How is the survival of a species dep	pendent upon reproduction?				
Questions	Why do variations exist among same	e generation and different g	generations of a species?			
	How do inherited traits different fro	om acquired traits?				
	What is the difference between sexu	ual and asexual reproduction	1?			
	How do environmental and/or inher	rited factors influence charac	cteristics of an organism?			
Content	Mitosis  Mitosis in plant and animal cells  Asexual reproduction  Meiosis, production of sex cells  Cell involved in fertilization  DNA  Inherited traits/acquired traits  Mendel's role in genetics  Punnett Square					
	Genetic variation, environmental f	actors				
Skills	• Explain function and steps of mitos	is				
	Compare mitosis in plant and anima	al cells.				
	List examples of asexual reproducti	on.				
	Describe stages of meiosis and how	sex cells are produced.				
	• Explain why meiosis is needed for s	<u>*</u>				
	• Identify the parts of the DNA mode		_			
	<ul> <li>Distinguish between inherited and a</li> <li>Explain how genetic traits are passe reproduction using evidence collected</li> </ul>	ed from one generation to the	e next through			
	• Explain variations among siblings u	ising a Punnett Square mode	el.			
	<ul> <li>Describe how environmental factors affect or alter effects of genes.</li> </ul>					
Math Skills/ Science Processes	•					
Assessments	Timeline models of mitosis and meios tests, quizzes. Construct a Punnett squ	-	cting DNA. Lab notebooks,			

	entions / entiated etion	•					
Inter-		Lang Arts – reading, writing, vocabulary					
discipli Connec		Math – probability and statistics					
Lesson resource Activiti	ces /	<ul> <li>Life Science Glencoe-</li> <li>McGraw Hill 2002</li> <li>*Resource box for book including tests, worksheets, enhancements, overhead transparencies</li> <li>Smiley face genetics <a href="https://www.sciencspot.net">www.sciencspot.net</a></li> </ul>					
			2009 N	<b>JCCCS</b>			
Standa	ard: 5.3.A	Life Science:	All student				
	sms contai		eproduction: Organisms re				
Content Statement(s):  5.3.6.D.1 Reproduction is essential to the continuation of every species  5.3.8.D.1 Some organisms reproduce asexually. In these organisms, all genetic information comes from a single parent. Some organisms reproduce sexually, through which half of the genetic information comes from each parent.  5.3.8.D.2 The unique combination of genetic material from each parent in sexually reproducing organisms results in the potential for variation.  5.3.8.D.3 Characteristics of organisms are influenced by heredity and/or their environment  CPI # / CPI(s):  5.3.6.D.1: Predict the long-term effect of interference with normal patterns of reproduction  5.3.8.D.1: Defend the principle that, through reproduction, genetic traits are passed from one gener to the next, using evidence collected from observation inherited traits.  5.3.8.D.2: Explain the source of variation among sible factors that may lead to a change in a cell's genetic information or to an organism's development, and how these changes are passed on.				through d from one generation from observations of ation among siblings cal conditions or a cell's genetic			
				•			
			a4	•			
			21st Centu	ry Thei			
	Global Awa	reness	Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneuria Literacy		Civic Literacy		Health Literacy
			21st Cent				
	Creativity Innovati	on	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving	ı	Communication and Collaboration		Information Literacy
	Media Lite	eracy	ICT Literacy		Life and (	Caree	r Skills

Pine Hill Public Schools						
Science Curriculum Unit Title: Evolution and Diversity Unit #: 4						
	•		Unit #: 4			
Course or Grad	e Level: 6	Length of Time:				
Date Created: BOE Approval Date:						
Pacing						
Essential Questions	• How do environmental conditions a species?	ffect survival or individual	organisms or entire			
	<ul> <li>How does natural selection lead to evolution?</li> </ul>					
	• How do new species form?					
	How can adaptation allow a species	to survive or cause a specie	es to become extinct?			
	How can anatomical evidence of for	ssils support evolution?				
Content	<ul> <li>Evolution</li> <li>Darwin's theory</li> <li>Natural selection</li> <li>Variations in organisms</li> <li>Adaptations</li> <li>Fossil evidence</li> </ul>					
Skills	<ul> <li>Describe Darwin's theory of evolu</li> <li>Identify why variations in organism</li> <li>Describe the differences among liv</li> <li>Identify the adaptations of primate</li> <li>Construct a geologic time scale sho</li> <li>Investigate how natural selection c model.</li> </ul>	ns are important. ing primates. s. owing evolution of organisn				
Math Skills/ Science Processes	•					
Assessments	Formative: Adaptation lab (bird beak	s), student notes, outlines,				
	<b>Summative:</b> Drawing conclusions fro investigating natural selection, interpre	-	designing an experiment			
Interventions / differentiated instruction	•					
Inter- disciplinary Connections	<ul> <li>Math – units of measurement, char</li> <li>Social Studies – geologic time line</li> <li>Language Arts - reading, writing,</li> </ul>	es				

<ul> <li>resources / Activities</li> <li>Smart board files, internet resource</li> <li>Student notes, handouts</li> <li>Evolution videos (Bill Nye)</li> </ul>	resources / Activities  • Smart board files, internet resources • Student notes, handouts				
	JCCCS				
Standard: 5.3					
<b>Strand(s): 5.3.</b> C <b>Forms of Energy:</b> Knowing the characte kinetic energy, is useful in coming to the understanding that predictable.	eristics of familiar forms of energy, including potential and it, for the most part, the natural world and be explained and is				
<b>5.3.E Forces and Motion:</b> It takes energy to change to	the motion of objects. The energy change is				
understood in terms of forces.					
Content Statement(s): 5.3.6.C.2: The number of organisms and populations an ecosystem can support depends on the biotic resources available and on abiotic factors, such as quantities of light and water, range of temperatures, and soil composition. 5.3.6.C.3: All organisms cause changes in the ecosystem in which they live. If this change reduces another organism's access to resources, that organism may move to another location or die. 5.3.8.C.1 Symbiotic interactions among organisms of different species can be classified as: -producer/consumer -predatory/prey -parasite/host -scavenger/prey 5.3.6.E.1: Changes in environmental condition can affect the survival of individual organisms and entire species 5.3.8.E.1: Individual organisms with certain traits are more likely than others to survive and have offspring in particular environments. The advantages or disadvantages of specific characteristics can change when the environment in which they exist changes. Extinction of a species occurs when the environment changes and the characteristics of a species are insufficient to allow survival.	CPI # / CPI(s): 5.3.6.C.2 Predict the impact that altering biotic and abiotic factors has on an ecosystem 5.3.6.C.3 Describe how one population of organisms may affect other plants and/or animals in an ecosystem 5.3.8.C.1 Model the effect of positive and negative changes in population size on a symbiotic pairing 5.3.6.E.1 Describe the impact on the survival of species during specific times in geologic history when environmental conditions changed 5.3.8.E.1 Organize and present evidence to show how the extinction of a species is related to an inability to adapt to changing environmental conditions using quantitative and qualitative data				
Standard: 5.3.E Evolution and Diversity					
Strand(s):					

## Content Statement(s): CPI # / CPI(s): 5.3.6.E.1; 5.3.8.E.1; 5.3.8.E.2

**21**<sup>st</sup> Century Themes

Global Awareness	Financial, Economic,		Civic Literacy		Health Literacy	
	Business, and Entrepreneurial					
	Literacy					
21st Century Skills						
Creativity and	Critical Thinking and Problem		Communication and		Information Literacy	
Innovation	Solving		Collaboration			
Media Literacy	ICT Literacy		Life and	Caree	r Skills	

Pine Hill Public Schools Science Curriculum						
Unit Title: Mat	ter and Energy Transformation; Interde	pendence within Ecosystem	Unit #: 5			
Course or Grad	e Level: 6	Length of Time:				
<b>Date Created:</b>		<b>BOE Approval Date:</b>				
Pacing						
Essential Questions	<ul> <li>How are plants producers of their own energy?</li> <li>How can energy flow through a community?</li> <li>How can altering the biotic and/or the abiotic factors impact an ecosystem in which they live?</li> <li>In what way can a change in the population of an ecosystem positively or negatively affect the symbiotic relationships of organisms?</li> </ul>					
Content	<ul> <li>Producers and consumers</li> <li>Photosynthesis and respiration</li> <li>Biotic and abiotic factors</li> <li>Energy flow in an ecosystem – foo</li> <li>Symbiotic relationships</li> <li>Population shifts and impact on ecosystem</li> </ul>	od chain, food web				
Skills	<ul> <li>List differences between producers a</li> <li>Explain energy release process in ph</li> <li>Explain the relationship between about the model/illustrate the flow of energy the predict the impact of altering biotic.</li> <li>Describe how a shift in one population community.</li> </ul>	and consumers notosynthesis and respiration iotic and biotic factors in an through a community. and abiotic factors in an eco	ecosystem system.			
Math Skills/ Science Processes	•					
Assessments	<b>Formative:</b> charts, photosynthesis/respiration illustrations, food chain illustrations <b>Summative:</b> Demonstration of photosynthesis and respiration, model of changes in ecosystem.					
Interventions / differentiated instruction	•					

T / Moth spatial differences write of massagement										
Inter	1 '									
	4.									
Com	• Social Studies – population shifts									
Lesson • Glencoe, Prentice Hall										
resources / • Smart board files, internet										
Activ	vities • ]	Food chain/web posters								
	Energy flow models									
	• Flower models - photosynthesis									
2009 NJCCCS										
Standard: 5.3.B Matter and Energy Transformation, 5.3.C Interdependence										
Standard, 5.5.D Matter and Energy Transformation, 5.5.C interdependence										
Strand(s):										
Cont	Content Statement(s):			CPI #/ CPI(s): 5.3.6.B.1; 5.3.6.B.2						
			5.3.6.0	5.3.6.C.2; 5.3.6.C.3; 5.3.8.C.1						
	21st Century Themes									
	Global Awareness	Financial, Economi	ic,	Civic Literacy	Health Literacy					
		Business, and Entrepren	neurial							
		Literacy								
		<u>21<sup>st</sup></u>	Century Ski	<u>lls</u>						
	Creativity and	Critical Thinking and Pr	roblem	Communication and	Information Literacy					
	Innovation	Solving		Collaboration						
	Media Literacy	ICT Literacy		Life and Career Skills						

Pine Hill Public Schools Science Curriculum							
Unit Title: Energy in Earth Systems, Climate and Weather, Biochemical Cycles Unit #: 6							
Course or Grad	de Level: 6	Length of Time:					
<b>Date Created:</b>		BOE Approval Date:					
Pacing							
Essential Questions	<ul> <li>How is energy transfer influenced by convection?</li> <li>What is the relationship between daily temperature, air pressure, and relative humidity?</li> <li>Where does local weather originate from?</li> <li>How do land masses and bodies of water influence local and global climates?</li> <li>How does Sun or wind energy influence the circulation of water in marine environments?</li> </ul>						
Content	<ul> <li>Radiation and conduction</li> <li>Convection or transfer of Sun heat throughout the atmosphere</li> <li>Formation of convection currents</li> <li>Air pressure, density</li> <li>Temperature variations</li> <li>Humidity</li> <li>Climate</li> <li>Global patterns and local weather</li> <li>Influence of land masses and bodies of water on climate</li> <li>Influence of Sun or wind energy on circulation of water in marine environments.</li> </ul>						
Skills	<ul> <li>Explain why different latitudes on Earth receive different amounts of solar energy.</li> <li>Compare and contrast radiation, conduction, and convection</li> <li>Explain how solar heating and water vapor in the atmosphere affect weather.</li> <li>Describe how rain, hail, sleet, and snow develop.</li> <li>Describe how weather is associated with fronts and high- and low- pressure areas.</li> <li>Explain how data are collected for weather maps and forecasts.</li> <li>Identify symbols used in a weather station model.</li> <li>Describe what determines climate.</li> <li>Explain how latitude and other geographic factors affect the climate of a region.</li> <li>Illustrate global winds and surface currents on a world map showing the relationship between the two.</li> </ul>						
Math Skills/ Science Processes	•						
Assessments							

	ventions / entiated action	•								
Inter-	•	Social Studies – history of trade winds and shipping, land masses, maps								
_	linary	• Math – spatial differences, units of measurement								
Conn	ections	• Language Arts – reading, writing, vocabulary								
Lesso	_	Earth Science Glencoe, Prentice Hall								
resou		Smart Board files, internet								
Activ	ities	• Student notes, handouts								
• Maps										
2009 NJCCCS										
Standard: 5.4.E Energy in Earth Systems, 5.4.F Climate and Weather, 5.4.G Biogeochemical Cycles										
Strand(s):										
Content Statement(s):				CPI #/ CPI(s): 5.4.6.E.1						
					5.4.6.F.1; 5.4.6.F.2; 5.4.8.F.1; 5.4.8.F.2					
	5.4.6.G.1									
	21st Century Themes									
	Global Awareness			Financial, Economic,		Civic Literacy		Health Literacy		
				Business, and Entrepreneuria Literacy						
	21st Century Skills									
			Critical Thinking and Problem	1	Communication and		Information Literacy			
	Innovation Solving		,		Collaboration		G1 '11			
	Media Literacy ICT Literacy			Life and	Life and Career Skills					